

48.—Use of Farm Land, by Province, Censuses of 1956 and 1961—concluded

Item	Quebec		Ontario		Manitoba		Saskatchewan	
	1956	1961	1956	1961	1956	1961	1956	1961
	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres
Improved Land	8,629,835	7,861,176	12,572,157	12,032,924	11,453,783	11,963,994	40,506,000	43,117,813
Under crops ¹	5,549,524	5,213,302	8,219,407	7,990,358	7,686,013	7,688,728	24,480,501	23,923,192
Pasture (improved) ...	2,642,764	2,312,950	3,470,688	3,295,609	594,902	719,819	1,128,001	1,394,280
Summer fallow	67,082	46,344	333,973	244,842	2,827,551	3,230,095	14,193,468	17,179,572
Other	370,465	291,580	548,089	502,115	345,317	325,352	704,030	620,769
Unimproved Land	7,280,293	6,334,316	7,307,489	6,545,583	6,478,034	6,205,957	22,287,979	21,297,705
Woodland	4,877,803	4,501,305	3,338,870	3,257,589	1,566,494	1,490,673	2,379,043	2,194,920
Other	2,402,490	1,833,011	3,968,619	3,287,994	4,911,540	4,715,284	19,908,936	19,102,785
Totals, Farm Area ..	15,910,128	14,198,492	19,879,646	18,578,507	17,931,817	18,169,951	62,793,979	61,415,518
	Alberta		British Columbia		Yukon and N.W.T.		Canada	
	1956	1961	1956	1961	1956	1961	1956	1961
	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres
Improved Land	23,746,113	25,288,527	1,166,752	1,303,263	712	1,088	100,326,243	103,403,426
Under crops ¹	14,850,171	15,614,839	689,749	788,896	230	526	62,944,176	62,435,534
Pasture (improved) ...	1,279,894	1,670,391	320,251	354,830	245	492	10,057,819	10,247,896
Summer fallow	7,091,264	7,449,758	87,479	81,785	44	11	24,619,625	28,243,386
Other	524,784	553,539	69,273	77,752	193	59	2,704,623	2,476,610
Unimproved Land	22,224,282	21,940,126	3,372,129	3,203,289	3,765	7,502	73,597,448	69,147,625
Woodland	2,891,128	2,138,137	855,398	752,990	887	1,484	19,540,541	17,247,389
Other	19,333,154	19,801,989	2,516,731	2,450,299	2,878	6,018	54,056,907	51,900,236
Totals, Farm Area ..	45,970,395	47,228,653	4,538,881	4,506,552	4,477	8,590	173,923,691	172,551,051

¹ Includes field, vegetable, fruit and nursery crop land.

Economic Classification of Farms.—Value of sales was the main criterion used for the economic classification of farms. Commercial farms were defined as farms reporting sales of agricultural products valued at \$1,200 or more for a 12-month period (excluding institutional-type farms); these were subdivided into seven classes based on the value of agricultural products sold.

Small-scale farms were divided into two groups: *part-time farms* included those with sales of agricultural products of \$250 to \$1,199 and for which the operator reported (a) 100 days or more of off-farm work (excluding exchange work) or (b) income received by the operator and his family from all other sources (excluding income from investments) greater than the income received from the sale of agricultural products; *other small-scale farms* were farms with reported agricultural sales of \$250 to \$1,199 and the farm operator (a) worked off the farm less than 100 days and (b) reported the value of agricultural sales greater than the income received from other sources. *Residential and other small farms* included those with value of agricultural products sold of less than \$250, and *institutional farms, etc.* included experimental farms, community pastures, Indian reserve farms and institutional-type farms, regardless of the amount of sales of agricultural products.